

THE EMPRESS

VOLUME XIX. No. 48

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, May 5th, 1932

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

Why Is Strong Cancellation Exp. War Debts

United Church

Emphasis:
Sunday School, 10:30 a.m.
Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.
Services will be conducted at:
Leland, 3:00 p.m.
Social Picnic, at 7:30 p.m.
"All true tropics of the ages"
Are from mother-love im-
pearled,
For the hand that rocks the
cradle
Is the hand that rules the
world."
Special music will be render-
ed on Mothers' Day. We in-
vite you to worship with us.
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

Faith Healing at Drumheller

"Mind over matter" and the
virtues of faith healing have
been witnessed at Drumheller
recently, according to the
Drumheller Mail. Revival ser-
vices, conducted by Dr. C. E.
West, of Decatur, Ill., at the
Church of the Nazarene, are
credited with these cures. Four
women, one with spinal trouble
resulting from a fall, one with
goitre, and two with impaired
eyesight. The Mail made an
investigation of these cases, and
apparently found these people
have achieved good health.

Fire at Leader

Fire at Leader, on Friday,
completely destroyed the jewel-
ry store and barber shop prem-
ises. Cause of fire is unknown.

\$3,000.00 Open Contest

In this issue is to be seen an
adv. of Goodyear Tires giving
particulars of the big \$3,000.00
contest. The contest is open to
everybody and is free of charge.
Fabric of the new super-twin
kind which is embodied in the
tires may be seen at Storey's
Garage, also the tires. Enquire
at once and get in your esti-
mate without delay. Read the
adv. carefully for instructions,
and get busy; you may be one
of the fortunate winners of one
of these big prizes.

Court of Revision

There was quite an attend-
ance at the Court of Revision
held in the Municipal Building
on Monday evening. The chief
item of business was a complaint
for tax assessment on such as
lodge accounts receivable and
payable, notes, bonds, etc. The
Secretary read a letter from
the Attorney General's Depart-
ment at Edmonton, intimating
that while such items were within
the scope of taxation that they
did not consider it practical. As
it was not a general procedure
the Court advanced the opinion
that it could only cause pos-
sible taxpayers to seek avenues
of escape from taxation by
having notes, bonds, etc., on
deposit at other points. The
agent of complainant argued
that non-assessment of these
items made the burden heavier
on the small taxpayer and al-
lowed thousands of dollars to
escape taxation. However, it
was argued that such assess-

Golfers Organize

A Golf Club organization
meeting was held in the rotun-
da of the Empress hotel, on
Thursday evening, April 28.
Officers elected were: C. B.
Moore, president; L. Githner,
vice-pres.; A. M. Cummings,
Secretary. Fees were set at
\$1.00 adults and 50c. for stu-
dents.

A mixed two-ball foursome
tournament is being arranged
to be held at 2 p.m., on
Wednesday afternoon, May 11.
There will be no admission
charge for members and vis-
itors. Non-members will be as-
sessed a fee of 25c. A first prize
and consolation prize is offered.
Couple will be drawn for
from out the last.

For entries and payment of
fees see the Secretary, Mr. A.
M. Cummings.

The Pale Western Cutworms Are Hatching

During the season of 1931, a
severe infestation of pale west-
ern cutworm occurred over a
large part of Alberta and Sas-
katchewan. A more severe and
extensive outbreak was pre-
dicted for 1932 with the qual-
ifying statement that should the
growing season be wet the crop
losses would be greatly lessened.

The situation for 1932 has
been complicated to some ex-
tent by an increase in two other
species of cutworms, namely
the "army cutworm" and the
"early cutworm". Both of
these species hatch and develop
in the fall so that the larvae
are partially grown before the
winter sets in. The hatching of
these half grown cutworms this
spring has led many farmers to
think that the pale western cut-
worms have already hatched.
This is not the case, but the re-
cent rains have caused the eggs
of the pale western cutworm
to begin hatching and these
larvae are now appearing. Dur-
ing the next few weeks the
numbers will increase as the
eggs continue to hatch.

Description of Present Stage
The pale western cutworms
at present are very small. Few
will be found which are over
one half an inch in length. The
body is a dirty greyish colour
without markings but may be
coloured by the contained food
material. Where the cutworms
have been feeding on green
material they will be quite
green in colour, but those which
have been feeding on the red-
dish roots of pig weed or Rus-
sian thistle may appear quite
red. The head is very dark

ment, by causing withdrawals
of funds, etc., would finally re-
sult in grievous harm to the
village, and was disallowed
with the exception of one small
item. The discussion at times
became very heated.

Help yourself to a piece of
pie, Cafeteria Supper, May 7

The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes
and Pastry from us.
Town Deliveries made if
required.
Bread 3 Loaves for 25c.

MURRAY
The Baker

Hospital Notes

Mrs. Ed. Steinfay has been ad-
mitted to the hospital for treat-
ment.

Mrs. Jacob Winter will be an
inmate of the hospital for a few
days.

Rita Goodwin was discharged
from the hospital on May 3.

The Way of All Things

C. Cremon is tearing down
the building next door to the
Dominion Cafe. What are the
thoughts of many at seeing this
building demolished? In it
may a session for the courting
of the favors of lady luck have
been held, also, such is life, and
while some will be sorry others
will be glad to see its demoli-
tion.

brown and in the smallest ones
will be quite black.

Much of the feeding will be
on the leaves of grass or weeds
above ground so that the pres-
ence of these cutworms can be
detected by the presence of
holes in the leaves of any plants
growing in the fields. A few of
the more advanced individuals
will be cutting plants off below
the soil surface.

The "Indicator Strip"

During the last year consid-
erable mention has been made
concerning the use of "indicator
or strips" used in fields where
cutworm infestation is expected
to be doubtful. These strips
were to be seeded as early as
possible so that the infestation
in any particular field might be
determined very early in the
season.

Many farmers have availed
themselves of the opportunity
to know the conditions in their
own fields and indicator strips
were seeded early in April.
During the next few days these
strips should be examined for
cutworm injury and the finding
should govern the farmers ac-

The Late Mrs. Eunice Howard

The funeral of Mrs. Eunice
Howard, took place from the
United Church, Alaskan, on Wed-
nesday afternoon, April 27th, at
1 o'clock.

The deceased had suffered
from poor health during the
winter and three weeks ago
was stricken with congestion
from which she did not rally
and was called away on Mon-
day evening last.

She was the relict of the late
Thomas Howard, who died in
Northern Ontario in 1905, and
leaves to mourn, her daughter,
Mrs. W. S. Ellis, of Alaskan,
with whom she has made her
home for some time past; Ar-
thur Howard, a son, at Glenside,
and also a brother, Dr. Albin
Honeywell, of Calgary, and
Mrs. T. Galbraith, of Toronto.
Mrs. Howard was born at Cre-
mont, Ont., 65 years ago, and
came to this country from Oc-
kalt, with her family in 1913.
Interment was made in the
Alaskan cemetery.

tion in these fields. If the
plants show sufficient signs of
cutworm injury to indicate a
severe infestation, no crop
should be seeded. It should be
remembered in this connection
that an infestation of 6 cut-
worms per square yard is suf-
ficient to completely destroy a
field in a dry season. If the
season should turn out wet an
infestation much greater than
this will cause little or no loss.
The Value of the Recent Storms
in "Controlling the Cutworms"
Many inquiries have been re-
ceived as to what effect the
recent rain, snow or frost will
have on the expected cutworm
outbreak. Abundant moisture
during the period of cutworm
(cont. on back page)

Cafeteria Supper will be ser-
ved on Saturday, May 7, at the
United Church, Sunday School
room at 5 o'clock, under the
auspices of the W.M.S.

St. Mary the Virgin

(Anglican Church)
10 a.m., Sunday School,
11:00 a.m., matins, and ser-
mon.
3 p.m., Ainslie School, even-
song and sermon.
7:30 p.m., St. Augustine's, Al-
askan, evensong and sermon.
Rev. J. P. Horne.
Flowers on sale for Mothers'
Day at Sunday School room,
Saturday, May 7, at 3 p.m.

**DID IT EVER
STRIKE YOU
That You Can
Get a ...**

**GOOD
YEAR
PATHFINDER
TIRE**

**For as little as
21 X 4.40
\$6.70**

**AND IT IS FULLY
GUARANTEED**
On Sale at
**STOREY'S
GARAGE**

**\$3,000.00
GOOD YEAR
PRIZE CONTEST**

Anyone from a family
where a car is owned may
enter, except tire dealers, em-
ployees of rubber companies
and the families of both.

See the six Goodyear Tires
of various sizes, types and
ply-thicknesses on display
here. Then estimate the
number of cords in each of
these tires, find a total, and
divide by six to obtain the
average. You may examine,
too, a section of the cord
fabric also on display. Sub-
mit your estimate on the
standard entry blank which
is free. No other require-
ment. You don't have to buy
anything.

Closing date: June 5th,
1932. Address: "The Goodyear
Super-Twin Cord Con-
test," New Toronto, Toronto
14, Ontario.

HOW MANY SUPERTWIN CORDS

IN THE AVERAGE GOODYEAR TIRE?

STOREY'S GARAGE

Come in and see Super-Twin Cords demonstrated
and get a helpful booklet of contest directions.

GOLFING SUPPLIES

With the advent of genial weather you will want to
find recreation in a healthful sport like golf. For the
best in irons, bags, golf balls, etc., we ask for your
enquiries and assure you of our best advice and consid-
eration.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest
possible notice.

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT SAVING CERTIFICATES
Backed by the Entire Resources of the Province

4% PAYABLE ON DEMAND	NEW ISSUE—Provincial Savings Certificates issued for terms of one, two, three years, and bearing interest at 5 percent per annum are now available in denominations of \$25, \$50, \$100 and larger amounts. DEMAND CERTIFICATES—Savings Certificates payable on demand, bearing interest at 4 percent per annum are still available as in former years. — Apply to — Savings Certificate Branch Treasury Dept., Edmonton Hon. R. G. Reid, Prov. Treasurer.	5% TERM CERTIFICATES One, Two, Three Years
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JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards
Letterheads, Statements, Envel-
opes, Posters, Auction Sale Post-
ers and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order
to the local printers.

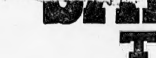
THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

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"Fresh from the Gardens"

Reducing Costs Of Government

The proposal for the amalgamation of the three prairie provinces of Canada into one large provincial unit recently advanced by Premier Bracken of Manitoba, and supported by Hon. Mr. Justice Turgon of Saskatchewan, does not, it would appear, command very general or enthusiastic support on the part of the people in the area affected. It has only aroused a certain academic interest in much the same way as similar proposals in regard to three much smaller Maritime Provinces have been revived at varying periods since Confederation.

This lack of interest in, and support for, the idea of one big province does not, however, presuppose a complete satisfaction on the part of the people with the present unduly heavy costs of governmental administration in this country. That there is a keen and very much alive interest in this larger problem is made manifest in many ways.

There are, for example, the proposals before Legislatures in certain of the Prairie and Maritime Provinces for a reduction in the membership of those bodies. In Saskatchewan, at the time of writing this article, a bill is under consideration reducing the number of members in the Legislature from 62 to 52. The effect of such reduction, if it is made effective, will be a saving of from \$20,000 to \$25,000 a year. Such a saving is, of course, worthwhile—as all savings are whether large or small—but, unless accompanied with many other changes in legislative and administrative costs, will not go very far towards meeting the objection that we are over-governed in Canada. Much more than cutting the size of legislatures must be done.

The writer is convinced that it is not in the union of two or three provinces into one, nor in the mere reduction in numbers of the membership of legislatures, that substantial and therefore really worthwhile savings can be brought about. It is not a few thousands of dollars in the costs of government in Canada that should be saved, but millions. Can economies be effected that will save these millions to the taxpayers without impairing services to the people or efficiency in their administration? We believe they can.

But mere criticism of existing conditions, even when coupled with expressions of belief that they can be bettered, is not convincing unless accompanied by practical suggestions looking to reforms and a betterment of conditions. Anybody can criticize; destructive criticism is easy, but constructive suggestion and performance is an entirely different and a much more difficult matter. It is not enough to point out what is amiss and to come long-established and presently existing conditions.

Not in revolution, therefore, but in evolution, and particularly at this time in co-ordination of services, in co-operation between governments looking to an amalgamation of services rather than in an amalgamation of governments and provinces, is to be found a practical, ready-to-hand method of saving not thousands but hundreds of thousands of dollars.

To illustrate: Canada with a Federal and nine Provincial Governments has ten departments or bureaus dealing with agriculture; ten dealing with public health; ten dealing with company incorporation, company law, company inspection, company taxation, including banks, railways, loan, mortgage and insurance companies; ten having to do with administration of justice; ten levying, or having the power to levy, income taxes, etc., etc. The result is, of course, constant conflict of authority, duplication of services, much unnecessary expense, and interference with and the irritation of the people generally.

Everybody realizes the situation, but governments, like individuals, are loth to relinquish any powers or rights they possess, they are jealous of these things and zealous in retaining every atom of control over them. Even within a government, it is difficult to reorganize departments to meet changing conditions because one department opposes the transfer of any branch of its work to another department, and the more highly organized and independent a Civil Service becomes, the more bureaucratic does it become.

To illustrate again: The enforcement of law and administration of justice within a Province is the duty of the Provincial authority. Hence it must have a police force. But the Federal authority is responsible for the enforcement of the Criminal Code, Excise, Immigration, and similar laws, and is responsible for the administration of Indian affairs. So, too, must have a police force. Then the cities and larger towns are responsible for the enforcement of the law, and have their own police forces. Four or five years ago the Government of Saskatchewan entered into an arrangement with the Federal Government whereby they disbanded the Saskatchewan Provincial Police, and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, a Federal body, policed the Province in addition to discharging its its own Federal duties. The Province pays the Dominion a lump sum annually for this work, but it is saving some hundreds of thousands of dollars annually as compared with the cost of maintaining a separate police force of its own. Recently Alberta and Manitoba have made similar arrangements with the Federal Government. Thus without any union of governments or legislative bodies, without surrender of any Provincial right or authority, without any curtailment in service or any impairment in efficiency, millions of dollars will be saved to the taxpayers of these three provinces, and without increase cost.

It is the writer's conviction that the same policy can be developed in many ways and made to apply in other branches of Federal and Governmental services. In some cases, perhaps, Provincial governments could surrender certain authority now possessed by them to the Dominion exclusively, and, vice versa, the Dominion might surrender certain authority possessed by them to the Province exclusively. These things might be done to the mutual advantage of both, and certainly to the benefit of the hard pressed Canadian taxpayer. But, even in the absence of such actual surrender, surely it is possible, through co-operation, even amalgamation of services, to enormously reduce the present costs of governmental administration throughout this Dominion. It can be done if there is only the will to do it.

for BRUISES
There's nothing to equal
Minard's "King of Pain"
Linen
Gives quick relief!

MINARD'S LINEN
"KING OF PAIN"

The most important rules to follow in removing stains are to treat the stains when fresh and to apply simple measures first.

Buses will replace all street cars in Middleborough, England.

Great Britain now has nearly 4,000,000 licensed motor vehicles.

LADIES WANTED TO DO LIGHT sewing at home. For part, charges paid. Stamp particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

W. N. U. 1937

Automatic Radio Is

Demonstrated In Paris

Does Away With Necessity Of Trained Wireless Operator

An automatic radio, immensely simplifying the process of sending messages, was demonstrated at Paris by its inventor, Jacques Detroux, before representatives of the Ministries of War, Post and Telegraphs, Merchant Marine and Public Works. The apparatus can be operated by any one who knows how to read, obviating the necessity of a trained wireless operator. It works by means of knobs, which are turned by the hands on a radio receiving set. The letters of the alphabet and various signals are printed on a dial turned by a knob, messages thus being spelled out.

The apparatus is small and light enough to be carried anywhere, permitting its use on airplanes, submarines and fishing smacks and at meteorological stations and army posts. Provision is made in the case of submarines to carry a buoy equipped with the new apparatus, and in case of accident the buoy is released and continues to send out SOS calls for as long as twenty-five hours. In case of any sort of wreck the device permits sending SOS calls for help without the necessity of the operator sticking to his post.

Antidote For Deadly Gases

Experimenters Believed To Have Succeeded From Effects Of Scientific Tests

A remarkable scientific discovery which may have a profound effect on modern chemical warfare was reported by the London Sunday Express, England, which also indicated that the discoverer of the secret may have died a martyr to his work.

The newspaper said the chemical defense research department of the war office had discovered an effective antidote for all gases used in modern warfare. The department had been experimenting for 14 years in an effort to achieve such a formula.

Military volunteers had tested their lives by walking in areas filled with deadly gases, the newspaper said. They were affected by the gases, but recovered immediately from the effects when the antidote was applied.

Major W. R. Calvey, who died March 6th, was the chief expert conducting the experiments. The Excluding the experiments. The success said he had not realized the success which had been achieved, and that his death, which was said to have been due to pneumonia, may have been a result of gas poisoning.

Want Rates Published

Ask For Information Regarding Rates From Churchill To Prairie Points

Publication of "merchandise" rates from Churchill, the terminus of the Hudson Bay Railway, and prairie points has been urged upon the management of the Canadian National Railways, R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways, informed the House of Commons. In answer to question by C. R. Kellogg (Liberal, North Battleford), Dr. Manion stated that he had taken up the matter recently with Sir Henry Thornton, who expressed upon him the importance of early action.

Seems Hardly Cricket

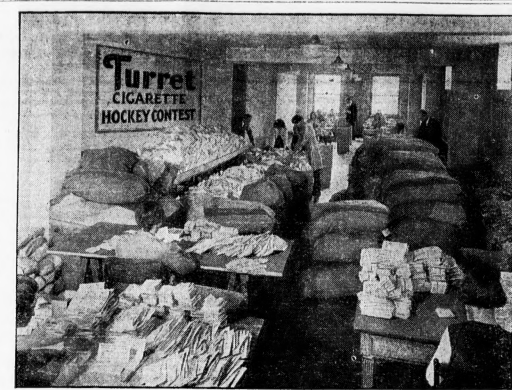
United States Encourages Indians To Speak Against Great Britain

We note another native Indian has been telling the good folk of Philadelphia what a wicked administration is given India by the British. He was debating with an Englishman who upheld the British rule. It seems to be one of the hobbies in the United States at the moment to flood the country with native Indians to speak against Great Britain. It may amuse the Americans, but it hardly seems to be cricket for them to encourage that sort of thing.—Border Cities Star.

More than 150 breakfasts, lunches, and dinners are served to various members of the royal retinue of Buckingham Palace, London every day.

Dwarfs were objects of great interest to the ancient Romans, and artificial dwarfing was sometimes practiced.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
FOR
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, KIDNEY-LIVER, BOWELS.



Turret Cigarette Hockey Contest Headquarters Staff Sorting the Millions of Entries Received

The scene illustrated above will give our readers a slight idea of the vast number of entries received in the Turret Cigarette \$15,000 Cash Prize Hockey Contest. Well over three million entries were sent in.

bearing the post mark of March 31st, or a prior date, which was a condition binding upon all contestants in the contest, and the complete list of prize winners about the latter part of April.

going forward as rapidly as possible. According to the latest reports from Contest Headquarters, it will be a hopeful expert outlook for Canadian whist shown by world statistics.

Proposed Water Reservoir

Suggested Plan To Conserve Moisture In Southern Saskatchewan

Formation of a large water reservoir at Buffalo Lake by the construction of a dam on the Qu'Appelle River, 20 miles from Moose Jaw, was advocated by T. C. Main, A.M.R.C.E., consulting engineer for the Saskatchewan drought commission in a paper presented before the provincial government at a recommendation in his report. The reservoir would be about 25 miles in length and three-quarters of a mile wide. The reservoir would be an effective means of conserving water for southern Saskatchewan, Mr. Main said.

He also suggested, that despite present opposition, the Saskatchewan River water diversion scheme would go through within the next few years. Mr. Main pointed out that the precipitation in northern Saskatchewan last year was not a great deal more than in the south and while the rainfall in the north had been conserved, it had drained off rapidly in the southern parts.

Reduced By Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No matter how asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

Historic Sword Sold

Was Presented To Sir John French After Boer War

A field marshal's sword, sheathed in solid gold and with a gold diamond-studded hilt, has been sold to the London Bullion Company by persons taking advantage of the present monetary situation to profit by gold disposal. It was understood that the sword was the one presented to the late Earl of Ypres, then Sir John French, after the Boer War. The blade was presented by the citizens of Kimberley in 1901 in gratitude for the action of the earl, who led a series of cavalry charges to lift the siege of the city. The new owners said they were not in possession of the sword, but probably would offer it to the citizens of Kimberley.

Utilizing Cherry Stones

Usefulness Of Every Part Was Discovered By Accident

After accidentally stepping on a cherry stone and observing the greasy spot left on the floor, an orchardist and canner now uses the pits as well as the fruit. The oil in the kernels is pressed out and used in the making of cosmetics, the left-over cake in the press is used for fertilizers, and the shells are utilized for fuel.

Douglas Egyptian Liniment is recommended for sore throat, colds, catarrhs, callouses and sprains. It moves cold flesh and loosens stiff joints.

Son—"Dad, what's a matrimonial bureau?"

Dad—"It's a bureau, son, with six drawers packed full of women's fashions and one man's necktie."

New Pyramid Found

Built About 2800 B.C., Only the Base Remains

Egypt rocks with excitement over a fresh find. A pyramid, built about 2800 B.C., is discovered in the Gizeh sands. It base, of 5,000 square yards makes it rank along with the big three. It may contain the sarcophagus of Miss Choopa. Only the base remains, the rest having been carried away—perhaps to be used in other pyramids. Ancient builders were that odd. The Egyptians destroyed to build anew. Their unwitting contemporaries the Mayas of Yucatan built one magnificent temple squarely upon another.

As a verminage an effective preparation is Mother Grog's Worm Expeller, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

"Death-Ray" Experiments

Tests Being Made So Far Have Been Quite Harmless

Favorites among the projects of inventors of war devices is a "death-ray" that will kill enemies at a distance. The few who have claimed any progress toward such a ray have tested it harmlessly by stopping automobile motors or by setting off explosive charges at a safe distance. The latest of these is Kurt Schickman, a member of Berlin. He succeeded recently in exploding a mine two hundred yards away.

Navy blue bowler hats for men are appearing in Paris.

Canada's Economic Outlook Brighter

Improvements In Wheat, Cattle, Lumber and Nickel Exports

Bright prospects with the advent of Spring in Canada's economic situation are noted in a statistical review issued recently by the Department of Trade and Commerce. The review covered statistical reports issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the "bright spots" include:

Early Spring shipments of Canadian cattle to Great Britain have been well received.

Canadian cattle markets are showing increased strength.

Exports of Canadian lumber show a substantial seasonal increase.

Shipments of nickel, particularly to the United Kingdom, are on the increase.

Domestic production of gold, petroleum natural gas show a decided improvement.

An all-glass house that is asserted to exclude air, dirt, and bacteria, has been built by a scientist in Japan. Ventilation being provided by air pumped from a distant point through filters.

The largest motor-coach station in the world is being built at Victoria and will handle 100 vehicles an hour.

In Peru non-voting citizens are not allowed to hold public office, sign legal documents or obtain passports.

"FATIGUE?"

I just postpone it!

"No, I don't have 'nerves.' You can't have them, and hold this sort of position. My head used to throb around three o'clock, and certain days, of course, were worse than others."

"Then I learn to rely on Asprin."

The sure cure for any headache is rest. But sometimes we must postpone it. That's when Asprin comes in handy. Two tablets, and the nagging pain is gone until you are home. And once you are comfortable the pain seldom returns.

Keep Asprin handy. Don't put it away, or put off taking it. Fighting a headache to finish the day may be heroic, but it is also a little foolish. So is sacrificing a night's sleep because you're an annoying cold, or irritated throat, or nervous headache, or neuritis. These tablets always relieve. They don't irritate the lining of any of your bowels. This is medical opinion. It is a fact established by the last twenty years of medical practice.

The only caution to be observed is when you are buying Asprin. Don't take a substitute because it will not act the same. Asprin is made in Canada.



Provinces Represented At Ottawa Conference To Discuss Problems

Ottawa, Ont.—Representatives of the Dominion and nine provincial governments concluded their conference on Saturday evening, April 8. At the close of deliberations Premier Minister R. B. Bennett declared: "We have had a full discussion of our problems with very satisfactory results."

An official statement on the subject of relief, it is learned, will be made in parliament the latter part of this week or the beginning of next week. Several phases will be considered by cabinet council before the issue of the statement.

With a brief intermission for lunch, the session lasted from 10 o'clock in the morning until well after the dinner hour. Meeting in the east block of the parliament buildings under the chairmanship of Premier Bennett, conditions in every province of the Dominion were considered. The entire situation dealing with labor conditions, agriculture, and other matters was openly discussed with eastern government representatives, western government representatives, and the Dominion all participating.

Although no official statement was made, it is learned the Dominion government is prepared to render such assistance to the provinces as may be necessary to continue "direct relief" after May 1. Provincial representatives state that unemployment relief will be by way of indirect relief will be discontinued after May 1.

In addition to the Prime Minister and his colleagues, representatives at the conference included Attorney-General W. H. Price, W. Finlayson, Minister of Lands and Forests; J. A. Munro, Provincial Secretary, and E. A. Daulton, Provincial Treasurer, Ontario; Premier L. A. Taschereau, Quebec; Premier C. B. Richards, D. A. Stewart, Minister of Public Works, and A. J. Leger, Provincial Secretary, New Brunswick; Premier George Harrington, J. Fred Fraser, Provincial Secretary, and Percy Black, Minister of Highways, Nova Scotia; Premier J. D. Stewart, Prince Edward Island; W. B. Cunniff, Minister of Public Works, Manitoba; W. C. Buckle, Minister of Agriculture, Saskatchewan; Ralph Brown, Minister of Public Works, British Columbia; and Premier J. E. Brownlee, Alberta.

Foreclosures Prohibited

Approval Of Debt Adjustment Board Necessary In Manitoba

Winnipeg, Man.—No foreclosure proceedings can be taken against farmers by the Manitoba loans board, Premier John Bracken stated in the legislature today. He said that no other government farm loan agencies have been prohibited from taking foreclosure action without the approval of the debt adjustment board. The premier was replying to criticism of the policy of the board in view of the government's efforts to induce private lending organizations to exercise leniency. He said he believed the Iowa loan board had been a bit too strict and said he would not defend all its actions in enforcing payment.

About three-fourths of the platinum jewelry made in the United States is made in New York State.

Question Of Emigrants From Britain Stranded In Various Dominions

London, England.—The question of emigrants from Britain who have gone to the Dominions and in certain cases now find themselves in a bad plight was again raised in the House of Commons, when J. H. Thomas, Secretary for Dominion Affairs, replied that migrants had taken the risk and the Mother Country will not take the responsibility of bringing them back home, where unemployment was equally as bad as in other parts of the Empire.

The question was raised by Morgan Jones, Labor member for Cerephilly, who asked about assistance for unemployed British migrants in Australia who are in a distressed condition. Mr. Thomas said while there was every sympathy for the distressed British migrants in Australia it was impossible for the British Government to provide assistance for their return passage.

Look For Civil War

Situation In China Presents Further Complications

Shanghai, China.—While Sino-Japanese peace negotiations simmered in deadlock, there appeared possibilities of civil war against the Nanjing Government, one from the Communists in the west, and the other from a group of war lords in the north.

Immediate attention was centering on a coalition of Yellow River war lords, the most powerful of whom appeared to be General Han Fu Chu, who within the year has gained control of Shantung Province with 70,000 well-armed and thoroughly-trained troops.

Little attention had been paid to him until recently when rumors began to circulate that he was working with other war lords in Hupai, Shensi and Shansi provinces to overthrow China's foremost generalissimo, Chiang Kai-shek.

To the west in central China are several Communist governments, the most powerful of which appears to be that of General Ho Lung, former confidant of Chiang Kai-shek, turned Communist.

General Ho, one of the most feared single commanders in China, has 60,000 troops concentrated in Hupai province with plenty of ammunition, and with the avowed intention of overthrowing the Nanjing government.

The League of Nations commission examining China-Japanese affairs appeared greatly interested in the Communist threat while they were at Hankow recently.

The commissioners not only looked into the position of Ho Lung, but also were curious about the Soviet Government for the borders of Hunan, Anhui (Anhui) and Hupai (Hupai). The Chinese has set up a provisional government with Chulung as its capital.

Unemployment Insurance

Resolution Advocates Calling Of Conference Between Federal and Provincial Governments

Winnipeg, Man.—Calling of an immediate conference between federal and provincial governments on state unemployment insurance is advocated in a resolution passed by the Manitoba Legislature unanimously. The resolution will be presented at the conference of Dominion and Provincial ministers meeting in Ottawa, to discuss unemployment relief. The resolution will be presented at the conference of Dominion and Provincial ministers meeting in Ottawa, to discuss unemployment relief. The resolution will be presented at the conference of Dominion and Provincial ministers meeting in Ottawa, to discuss unemployment relief.

B.C. Carries Heavy Burden

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia is taking care of more than four times as many unemployed single men as Saskatchewan and Alberta put together and the problem has become "unbearable," W. B. Bruhn, Minister of Public Works, said before leaving for the Ottawa conference for provincial premiers.

Morgan Jones asked whether any provision had been made by any Dominion Government to relieve the distress of such migrants as were suffering.

The minister said he had found no justification for the complaint that Dominion Governments were differentiating between native born and migrants in relief measures. Relief was given according to the scale applying in the respective Dominions.

"There are still thousands anxious to go to the Dominions," Mr. Thomas said, but he believed it was no use encouraging them to migrate during the economic depression. Therefore he attacked the complaint that Dominion Governments were differentiating between native born and migrants in relief measures. Relief was given according to the scale applying in the respective Dominions.

LEADS PROGRESSIVES



Here is a reproduction from the most recent portrait of Harry C. Nixon, Leader of the Progressive Party in the Ontario Legislature.

Britain Gets Reply From Irish President

But Contents Of Note Have Not Been Made Public

London, England.—J. H. Thomas, Secretary for Dominion Affairs, announced in the House of Commons the British Government has received the reply from President Eamon de Valera of the Irish Free State to its representations that the oath of allegiance and the payment of Irish land annuities were integral parts of the Irish treaty and its accompanying financial agreements.

Asked by James Maxton, member of the Independent Labor Party, to disclose the contents of the Irish note, which is understood to maintain the oath should be abolished and the land annuities retained, Mr. Thomas replied it was not customary to disclose the contents of such documents without agreement of both governments.

The British Government should have full time to consider the reply before its publication, the minister added.

Government Asked To Assist Olympic Team

Funds Required For Trip To Los Angeles This Year

Montreal, Que.—A delegation of eight members of the Canadian Olympic Committee have gone to Ottawa to interview the Minister of Finance, E. N. Rhodes, on a question of funds to enable the Canadian Olympic Team to make the trip to Los Angeles this summer. Members of the delegation included P. J. Mulqueen, Toronto; J. J. Murphy, Winnipeg; and J. W. Hamilton, Regina.

New Taxes In Effect

Ottawa, Ont.—Instructions to customs collectors, issued by the Department of National Revenue by teletype, take cognizance of the budget changes. Collectors are informed to "take all entries subject to amendment," and enumerates the various alterations. Increased excise taxes became effective April 7.

AN INTERNATIONAL ROMANCE



An international romance culminated April 5 in the marriage of Miss Frances Bosworth, a cousin of former vice-president Charles G. Dawes, and Dr. Charles Stamp of London, England. The bride, daughter of Sir Joseph Stamp, noted British economist, and Lady Stamp. The wedding took place at Evanston, Ill., in the home of the socially prominent Charles H. Bosworth, father of the bride, with numerous members of both families attending. Beaming happily, Sir Joseph and Lady Stamp, with their son, Dr. Trevor C. Stamp, are shown as they arrived at New York. Left is Miss Frances Bosworth.

Was Famous Racing Horse

Remains Of Phar Lap To Be Mounted And Shipped To Australia

Melbo Park, Cal.—Phar Lap, monarch of the Australian turf in his lifetime, is to be sent home to perpetuate the memory of one of the greatest thoroughbreds ever reared under the Southern Cross.

The great red gelding, whose untimely death stunned the racing world, is to be mounted in this country. A San Francisco taxidermist has started on the work.

Although colic has been generally accepted as the cause of Phar Lap's death, rumors flew thick and fast. In some quarters it was hinted the horse had died from poisoning placed in his feed bag.

Appropriation For Great War Pensions

Sum Of Forty-Eight Million Passed By House

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons has approved an appropriation of \$48,000,000 for Great War pensions. The estimate is \$2,500,000 greater than that of last year, but \$4,000,000 greater than the actual pension payments of last year.

The decrease, Dr. Murray McLaren, Minister of Pensions, said, was more apparent than real. A large sum had been estimated last year on the belief that a large percentage of those who had committed their pensions would be reinstated. The numbers were not as great as anticipated, with the result that the estimate had greatly exceeded requirements.

The department's estimate, on the basis of experience, that 2,000 committed pensioners would be restored in the present fiscal year; and the government was drawn up in that expectation.

Move For Gas Franchise

Would Supply Saskatchewan Cities From Turner Valley Field

Calgary, Alberta.—Negotiations to obtain the gas franchise in Regina, Saskatoon and Moose Jaw, with view to supplying these cities with Turner Valley gas, will start shortly, according to R. J. Hutchings, independent oil operator.

This new move is made feasible, he states, by the passing of a resolution in the Alberta legislature permitting export of gas not required for use in the province.

Even if Turner Valley's gas flow was restricted to 100,000,000 cubic feet per day, it would be possible to export gas to Saskatchewan, he declared. Other oil men expressed their approval of the gas export measure passed in the legislature last night, believing it would mean a boost for Alberta's gas fields.

Italy Is Strong For Cancellation Of All War Debts

Market For Low Grade Wheat

No Demand For No. 1 Northern In Great Britain

Ottawa, Ont.—An extraordinary situation with regard to the British market for Canadian wheat was disclosed before the agricultural committee of the House of Commons. A letter from Sir Albert Humphries, prominent British miller, was read before the committee by Dr. L. H. Newman, Dominion cerealist. It declared that there was practically no present demand for No. 1 Northern United Kingdom, all the demand being for No. 2 and lower grades.

The natural outcome of the foregoing situation would be to lower the price of No. 1 and boost the price of No. 2. However, the exact opposite has been the case and the spread between the two grades at present is as high as seven cents.

The reason to explain this was the demand from European countries which brought in wheat over high specific duties. These buyers since they had to pay a high duty on wheat regardless of grade would bring in the highest quality of wheat. Another suggestion supporting the demand for a separate grading of No. 1 wheat was that the presence of No. 1 wheat in No. 2 grade and not in No. 1 kept the price for No. 2 down.

Indian Missionary

Death Is Announced Of Rev. E. H. Steinhilber At Age Of 94

Calgary, Alberta.—Rev. E. H. Steinhilber, an Indian missionary, died following a brilliant career among his own people in western Canada. He died at the mission house, Saddle Lake Indian Reserve, following a heart attack. He was 94 years of age, the son of Rev. H. B. Steinhilber, full blood Indian, who came from Ontario in 1855 to act as missionary among western Canadian Indians.

Mr. Steinhilber spent 33 years in Manitoba, being stationed at Whitefish Lake, Hobbema, Morley, Fisher River, and also spent some time in Ontario, making his home at Saugeen and New Credit. He married Miss Sarah Elizabeth Helliford of Winnipeg in 1889.

It was brought out at the conference that tariff wars in middle Europe in recent months have reduced the exchange of goods in some cases, for example between Czechoslovakia and Hungary, to one one-hundredth of normal.

It was expected the Danubian nations themselves would be represented at the forthcoming meetings in Geneva. The high degree of the refusal of Germany and Italy to waive their rights to most-favored-national treatment from the "Little Five" Great Britain and France wanted to let the "Little Five" make customs and fiscal arrangements among themselves.

Making Preparations For Imperial Conference

Cities To Be Visited By Chamber Of Commerce Officials

Montreal, Que.—As a prelude to the forthcoming Imperial Conference at Ottawa this summer, Col. W. V. McGregor of Windsor, Ont., president of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, is on a coast-to-coast tour of Canada, to prepare Canadian businessmen for the conference.

Accompanying Col. McGregor will be W. B. Birks of Montreal, vice-president of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire, S. B. Gundy of Toronto, and W. McI. Clarke, secretary of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce.

Complain Of Delays In Hearings For Many Pension Claims

Ottawa, Ont.—Difficulties of war veterans in securing hearings for pension claims were laid before the House of Commons in a flood of complaints from all sides, existing machinery had become clogged with 30,000 cases, some of them heard a year ago, it was contended, and no judgment rendered. In many instances suffering, both physical and mental, had been caused in thousands of cases.

Congestion in the pension machinery would pass away eventually, predicted Murray McLaren, the minister. He laid the blame for the overloading on the parliamentary committee that established the system two years ago.

From all sides of the Chamber came suggestions for accelerating the pension machinery. Peter McGibbon (Lib., West Lambton), proposed that court judges be conscripted to hear cases until the congestion was overcome. Ian MacKenzie (Lib., Van-

Rome, Italy.—The grand council of Fascism came out flatly in favor of renunciation of reparations and cancellation of war debts in a resolution adopted at a session presided over by Premier Mussolini.

A statement handed to the press at the conclusion of the meeting said the cause of the business depression was more political and moral than economic.

The statement contained five principal recommendations. These were: 1. Settlement of the question of reparations and war debts. 2. Removal of the shackles of international trade. 3. Solution of the economic difficulties of the Danubian and Balkan countries. 4. Revision of the peace treaties. 5. An end to too frequent international conferences.

Something must be done to restore international commerce before a condition of "total anaemia" has been reached in the trade of all countries, the country statement said.

The peace treaties "carry in themselves the causes of inequity and of a new war," the council declared. It recommended that these treaties be revised through the League of Nations.

It was frequent international conferences, the statement asserted, instill false hopes in the people which are "followed by always greater disillusionment."

London, England.—The "Big Four" Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany—ended their conference at Stresa, Italy, on Saturday. A general crisis in disagreement, but decided to continue the effort through the League of Nations Council at Geneva this week.

Thus ended two speedy parleys within the week to solve the urgent financial difficulties of the "Little Five"—Austria, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia and Rumania. The high degree of the refusal of Germany and Italy to waive their rights to most-favored-national treatment from the "Little Five" Great Britain and France wanted to let the "Little Five" make customs and fiscal arrangements among themselves.

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Many Workers Affected

Montreal, Que.—Reductions in mechanical staffs on the Canadian National Railways which went into effect April 8, affected approximately 5,000 men throughout Canada, union officials of the Federated Shop Trades estimated. Special committees are being formed to discuss with railway officials the details of the staff reductions.

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To Bring Back Prosperity

Definition Of Bonds and Securities Necessary To Be In Line With Commodity Prices

"Sixty-cent wheat is not going to keep alive the present financial structure we have built up in Canada and the United States; nor will such low commodity prices allow the public to pay interest on the huge pile of provincial, state and federal debts which our western capitalist system has allowed itself to accumulate."

This was the opinion expressed at Washington by Robert Cromie, owner and editor of the Vancouver Sun. Mr. Cromie continued: "It must now be clear to thinking people that our present low prices of wheat and copper, and lumber, and cotton, etc., and our high financial structure are two animals that cannot live in the same country at the same time."

"Our governments at Ottawa and Washington must fearlessly tell our financial and business men that the bonds and securities they now hold are headed for the same deflation that our commodity prices have just gone through, or else our governments must quickly make such deflationary moves as will bring commodity prices into line with our interest rate and capital structure."

"Until the investors and security holders in Canada and the United States are definitely told that the farmer and producer, their stockholder—money—is to be fleeced, deflated, there is to be no feeling of security, and, therefore, no possible return of prosperity."

"If an individual would not hesitate to spend two per cent. on three per cent. trying to protect his fortune, why should not a country do likewise?"

"Canada has 30 billions of national wealth. Two per cent. of that would be 600 millions. The United States has 300 billions of national wealth. Two per cent. of that would be \$6,000,000,000."

A Penny For Luck

New York Real Estate Agents Have Great System

The young lawyer and his bride are out to buy a house. They want something fancy with three or four bedrooms, a double step-down living room, a Dutch-tiled kitchen, etc.

So the real estate agent takes them to see a something that will suit their pocketbook better than their ideas, a nice semi-detached, two-familly brick veneer out in the wilderness of Queens.

"This isn't what the little bride wants at all. She is busy registering her feelings, when she finds a penny lying on the dining room floor."

She says to her husband, saying "It isn't at all what we need, but this penny means luck. Let's take it."

They buy forthwith and some weeks later they are visiting an older couple in Brooklyn. The young bride smiles sweetly at her husband and starts telling about the lucky penny and why they bought the house they didn't want.

"Just a minute," says Mr. Robinson, their host. "You say, a penny. That's why we bought this house three years ago. We didn't like it either. But I found a penny in the same place and my wife found one in the dining room."

And it seems that all this is old stuff among the realtors. Sometimes a real estate salesman will scatter a dollar's worth of pennies through a house before he lands a buyer.

A Scotsman, upon entering a publisher's asked for a single spur.

"What is one spur?" asked the man.

"Well," replied Sandy, "if I can get one side of the horse to go the other one will have to come with it."

After a period of training London's 7,000 telephone operators started work at \$7.65 for a 48-hour week with increases to \$10.25.

"What is wrong with you, Mrs. Schmalzinger?"

"Everything."

"Ah, you should be a specialist."

—Flegende Blätter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1937

Waging Constant War Against Insect Menace

Organized Campaign Teaching People How Real the Danger Is

A war in which there can be no thought of disarmament is the constant struggle being waged by humanity against the insect menace. Every one knows, in a general way, the extent of the menace, though there are still a few people skeptical and old-fashioned enough to pooh-pooh the whole matter. "There have always been 'bugs,'" they argue, and, in spite of the fact that no organized campaign against them was thought of until recent years, mankind still flourishes and the insects are kept in their place. Nevertheless, the menace is a real one. According to L. O. Howard, who has published a book on the subject, insect depredations cost the United States over fifteen hundred million dollars a year. It is claimed in this that even in France there may be larvae or eggs capable of hatching out and producing their kind. Similarly, the insects almost at boiling point the pecky creatures can find. It is estimated that the cabbage-aphid, or green-fly, could it obtain enough food, would produce pathentergenically progeny weighing more than 820 million tons. Everything almost seems to be food for some insect or other. Even petroleum, which is one of the best insecticides, is a favorite breeding ground for one species or another, which lives in pools of waste oil around the wells. Vinegar, paper, opium, cork, furniture, skeletons and mummies serve as hosts to other insects, which even metal is not immune from the ravages of the creatures—the lead coverings of telephones cables, for instance, have been eaten through. There is no doubt, then, about the reality of the menace; the question is how, but it is to control the pest problem is of first-rate importance to farmers, but it is also one in which the general public is called upon to assist. Spraying and other methods are being used, but primarily it is a scientific problem. The work of the researcher is chiefly relied upon to discover the most appropriate treatment; to economic in the given case to science is to invite disaster.

Farmers and fruit growers, it is gratifying to know, are showing an increasing appreciation of the splendor of the government's agencies which are placing their expert knowledge at their disposal. A much more enlightened attitude is being exhibited in connection with the Official resources in Canada are on a scale which recognizes the importance to national welfare and prosperity of the various branches of agriculture industry.—Hamilton Spectator.

Canada's Population

Final Census Returns Give Figures At 1937, 1931

Canada's population in 1931 was placed at 10,374,186, according to the final census report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Ten years ago the population was 8,787,849. British Columbia had the highest percentage of increase in the decade, 32.35, followed by Alberta, with 24.33; Quebec, 20.78; and Saskatchewan, 21.69.

Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and the North-West Territories were the only divisions to register decreases in population in the decade.

The 1931 provincial populations were as follows: Prince Edward Island, 83,083; Nova Scotia, 512,946; New Brunswick, 498,219; Quebec, 2,875,355; Ontario, 3,431,683; Manitoba, 700,130; Saskatchewan, 921,735; Alberta, 731,605; British Columbia, 694,263; Yukon, 4,230; North West Territories, 7,133.

Elderly Gentleman: "Is this the check umbrella you keep?"

Assistant: "Yes, sir, the very check."

Elderly Gentleman: "I'll take it. I only want it for leaving behind in the train."

A new device for protecting railroad crossings has been constructed in Sweden. The weight of the train itself lets down the gates and this system may also be used to produce rotating electric light flashes, as a warning.

The only United States coin bearing the likeness of a foreign ruler is the Queen Isabella quarter, minted in 1893.

A Swiss expert announces that there are more than 35 kinds of poisonous gases ready for use during the next war.

The orange crop in parts of Spain has been damaged by unseasonal frosts.

A device recently perfected heats the home in winter and cools it in summer.

Portugal will soon erect its first broadcasting station.

◆ FANCIFUL FABLES ◆

◆ A Formidable Weapon

New German Bullet Will Menace Safety Of Tank

Military experts are interested in a new bullet, invented by a German engineer, which is said to attain the velocity of 5,800 feet per second and to smash its way through hardened armor-plate half an inch thick. This bullet can do all that is claimed for it, it will be a formidable weapon against a tank attack. The new bullet is the counterpart on land of the pocket battleship at sea. The latter was specially devised to get over the Treaty restrictions regarding the building in Germany. It is a combination of fighting strength and speed, and can sink anything that can catch it, and show a clean pair of heels to anything that can sink it.

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"An abstract thing is something I cannot touch. Give me an instance."

"A bar of hot iron."—Pete Mele, Paris.

AS REDS RIOTED AT WASHINGTON



These pictures show how the police at Washington, D.C., handled the situation when Communists attempted to stage a demonstration in front of the Japanese Embassy to protest against Japanese aggression in China. Dozens of heads were cracked and scores of police uniforms were torn as cops had a free-for-all with men and women. The photograph on the left shows a policeman trying to revive a girl rioter who was knocked complete for the moment. The center panel shows the scene in front of the Embassy as the police charged women and men with clubs swinging. Two of the forty arrested demonstrators are shown at the right, proving a handful for the police.

Britain's Emigration Problems

More People Return To Motherland Than The Outward Movement

It is obviously desirable that we be prepared to stimulate a strong revival of emigration as soon as conditions in suitable areas of the world surface are such as to hold out strong hopes of economic security and prosperity for the British settler. The monthly review of the Midland bank published in London, England.

Discussing the latest migration figures the review pointed out that while 1930 was notable for an unusually small net outward movement, amounting to 26,000 persons, last year actually witnessed a net inward movement, arrivals exceeding departures by 37,000.

"It is natural settlers with little hope of obtaining employment in the country of their adoption should return, as their resources become exhausted, to their native land. Where even if hopes of work are no greater they can at least endure hardships in the company of relatives and friends," the review continued.

"It would be instructive if it were possible to know the position, according to the length of settlement abroad, of these repatriated British subjects for it would then be practicable to determine whether the movement was chiefly due to exhaustion of savings of settled emigrants or disillusionment among more recent arrivals overseas."

Source Of All News

Worldwide Service Is Owned And Controlled By Newspapers

Radio agencies do not collect news. The collection of news is a worldwide service owned and controlled by newspapers, and if a radio station desires to give a news service it must get it from a newspaper office or from a press association service, and that is actually how it is done. It makes one just a little impatient at times to hear it said that the radio carried news which was not in the papers.

The weight of a newspaper is the source of all the news one hears or reads and it is a field which the newspapers will never surrender to radio or any other agency.

Hidden In Madrid In 1918 and Hiding Place Forgotten

A trunk containing jewels valued at \$1,000,000 belonging to the Infanta, Buñuel, aunt of ex-king Alfonso, was recently found in a dark, forgotten vault at the former royal palace in Madrid. The Infanta, who now lives a retired life in Paris, had sent this trunk to Madrid early in 1918, when she fled a German invasion. They were hidden there, and the hiding place forgotten. The Infanta eventually communicated with the Spanish Republican Government and some months after received a letter telling her the jewelry is safe and being held by the authorities at her disposal.

Lost Jewels Are Safe

◆ FANCIFUL FABLES ◆

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Indians Are Good Farmers

Notwithstanding Adverse Growing Conditions Indians In Western Canada Continue To Progress

Another year of progress among Canada's Indian farmers in the Prairie Provinces in 1931 is reported by the Department of Indian Affairs. Notwithstanding wet weather which hindered seeding and summer-fallow in the northern parts of the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta and extreme drought in parts of southern Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, the Indians on western reserves have sown 74,688 acres to grain, roots and other crops. In addition they broke 3,154 acres of new land and summer-fallowed 36,313 acres, bringing the total acreage under cultivation to 114,235 acres.

The total number of farming Indians (heads of families) in the Prairie Provinces is 2,425 and the per capita acreage under cultivation, through last year's operations, has been 47.4 acres and the per capita harvest of grain and other crops, what was the principal crop put in by the Indians, the other grains seeded being oats, barley, and rye. The total area sown to grain was 73,421 acres, a record for the prairie Indians. Owing to the adverse growing conditions, the average yield dropped to 688,031 bushels, of which about half was wheat.

The Department of Indian Affairs also reports continued improvement in the methods used by the Indians in the preparation of the soil. Although conditions were less favorable for breaking and summer-fallowing last year than in 1930 an increase of about 5,000 acres in the area of breaking and summer-fallowing last year was noted. In addition to the summer-fallowing, the Indians ploughed at least 10,000 acres during the fall of the year.

Most of this land will be broken equally as well as summer-fallow land as it was ploughed early in the spring of 1932, the bulk of which will be sown to wheat; the spring ploughed area will be sown to oats, rye, and other coarse grains.

Town Disappears

Italian Community Is Menaced By Serfdom

Inhabitants of Villa Santa Stefano, midway between Naples and Rome, are being slowly disappearing into the ancient Roman caves over which it is built, and fed for safety.

Ten thousand persons abandoned the place as buildings slowly slid from view into a pit that opened along the entire length of Via Leonora, a street that extends the width of the town. It was feared the entire town would disappear.

The cave-in was thought to have been caused by a live rat sleeping through the ground under the town, which broke down the roof supports of the caves. So slow was the movement of the earth that all the inhabitants had time to escape without casualties, streaming steadily in all directions.

Issue Revised Map Sheet

To meet the large demand for maps of the Northern Manitoba, mining areas, the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, has just issued a revised Klondike map sheet of the National Topographic series. This map shows the town of Sherridon which has recently sprung into prominence due to the location there of the Sherridon-Gordon property.

Bride—You must not expect me to give up my girlhood ways all at once.

Bridegroom—Certainly not, my dear. Go on taking an allowance from your father as if nothing had happened.

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Back To The Land Movement Is Now Well Under Way Throughout Most Of Dominion

Census figures show that rural dwellers represent but 48 per cent. of Canada's population, that 54 per cent. live in villages, towns and cities. Census figures also show that Canada has 32,767 vacant or abandoned farms.

True, the census reveals that there are 728,214 occupied farms, representing a gain of 17,154, or a little more than two per cent. since 1921.

Nevertheless, and everything considered, the picture presented is not a satisfactory one, certainly gives no cause for complacency. Orators and publicists never tire of telling us that this is an agricultural country, that agriculture is our basic industry, that the strength of the nation must be in the soil. Yet while the country is true, or ought to be, we see an increasingly heavy proportion of our people drift to the cities. Forty years ago, in 1861, something like 25 per cent. of Canadians were in towns and cities, 65 per cent. on the land. With the turn of the century there began a trek to the cities, and notwithstanding the immigration of the early 1900s, plus the opening up of the West, the year 1911 saw the percentage of those on the land reduced to 61 per cent., while 1921 showed a practically even distribution as between urban and rural population. Now, ten years later, city dwellers are a majority. In five provinces—Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island—there has been a tremendous growth in vacant or abandoned farms. This at a time when we have acute unemployment, when millions are being spent for relief, when our large cities are over-crowded.

In these circumstances there must be encouragement in the knowledge that, prompted by good leadership, a back-to-the-land movement is presently under way throughout most of the Dominion. Wesley Gordon, who has pioneered the movement, as far as the Federal Government is concerned, has achieved a striking success, and something of what he has done is revealed by Richard Thompson in the current issue of MacLean's Magazine. Thus:

"Mr. Gordon began his settlement scheme in the fall of 1920. Eighteen months have brought these results: "Land to the value of \$11,500,000 has been sold. The average price paid was \$2,000. In all, 6,040 married men with families have been transferred from the ranks of the unemployed in the cities to the country; 12,652 single men who would soon have been in the bread line are now on the land. All told, nearly 43,000 people have been changed from needy urbanites to self-sustaining rural dwellers."

In addition, the province have their own back-to-the-land movements, and Quebec has taken 4,000 people from the cities, Ontario, 2,500, Saskatchewan over 1,000.

All of us hope that this movement grows; that it gains tremendous impetus in momentum. Canada is one of the three greatest countries in the world in the matter of arable land; it is able to offer a comfortable living to hundreds of thousands, to perhaps millions, willing to settle on farms. And a few extra hundred thousand Canadians on the soil would undoubtedly add to the strength and fibre of Canada as a nation—Ottawa Journal.

Mrs. Miggins: "Yes, most of the servants are as independent and as impatient as they can be. Now, I believe it's best to take a young country girl and train her in the way she should go and then—"

Mrs. Bigger: "And then she goes!"

Eight hundred applications for patents on moving picture photography were made to the British patent office last year.



"You here again? I told you I didn't want to see you again."

"I told the policeman that, but he wouldn't believe me!"—Pete Mele, Paris.

Queen Has Strong Box

Can Store Treasures In London Safe Deposit Vault

Forty feet below Piccadilly, the Queen, on a recent Saturday locked with a golden key a steel box in which, if she desires, she can store her private treasures.

There are nine tests which any man to pass it or she tried to even see the box, and if a shortcut were attempted, this would entail the opening of the 20-ton door, which is equipped with keyless combinations and is proof against drills, explosives, oxy-acetylene and electric heat. In addition there would be concealed bells, giving direct communication with the police, to circumvent.

The vault is part of the premises of the London Safe Deposit, Limited, Regent Street, W., London, England.

Prospectors Are Ready

Over 200 Men In Great Bear Lake Area Awaiting Sign

The radium and silver area of Great Bear Lake, in Canada's sub-Arctic, harbors 200 men ready to start work on claims when the break-up permits opening of the wealthy mineral field. As many more fortune-seekers are expected to enter the district when snow and ice have died, according to R. W. Macdonald, expert, who returned to Calgary after making a test of Imperial Oil wells at Fort Hornum. The area from Echo Bay to Hunter Bay was practically covered with claims. Mr. Macdonald said he was informed.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Jacky



DAY PROCK SMARTNESS FOR DAUGHTER WITH BUILT-UP WAISTLINE AND PUFFED SLEEVES

A model of exceptional loveliness is this pretty little frock for the junior. What is more, it is a style that is borrowed from the adult mode. It is of such smart sophistication, the type of dress that gives daughter a big thrill to wear.

And it's as cute as can be in cherry red and white crepe silk print with plain cherry-red crepe.

It's darling too with the skirt of French blue linen with white linen blue Rayon novelties are splendid for this model and so inexpensive.

Style No. 310 may be had in sizes 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 10 retails at \$15, yard 30-inch for skirt, with 1 yard 30-inch for blouse.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Beginning Of Architecture

Man Wanted To Protect Himself From Weather Say Historians

Historians of architecture tell us that man's first building efforts were for the purpose of protecting himself from the weather. He required shelter from the angry elements, and hence "the inclemency of the seasons was the mother of architecture." In primitive times he took the nests of birds and the lairs of beasts as his model, and the earliest hut was probably a mere arbour of twigs, afterwards covered with mud. These huts were built of branches of trees and covered with turf. And there is every reason to suppose that the men who built shelters of this kind were agriculturists by occupation. The hunter on the other hand preferred a cave-dwelling which protected him better from the attacks of his fellows or wild animals, while the shepherd who led a nomadic or wandering life, as some of them do today in Central Asia, naturally devised tents.

Oldest Jockey In World

English Rider Saw His First Derby Ninety-Two Years Ago

The oldest jockey in the world, John Faulkner, of Appleford, Berks, England, celebrated his 104th birthday recently. He saw his first Derby 92 years ago, when he was a stable lad at Epsom.

He rode Dusty Miller in the Cesarewitch of 1895, his last sheepcraze was at Abingdon at the age of 74.

Despite his great age, he is still active, and numerous members of his family attended the celebration.

He started riding in 1851, and for his first race he received three-pence. His mount was Rip Van Winkle.

During his career he has broken nearly every bone in his body. Strange to say, he has never had a hot in his life and his allowance of beer is one glass a day. He is known all over Berkshire as "Johnny" Faulkner, and among his many friends is Lady Oxford, who is fond of getting him to tell tales about his racing career.

Canada's Sugar Maples

Grow In Area From Maritime To Lake Of the Woods

According to the Forest Service Department of the Interior, the natural range of the sugar maple in Canada extends from the Maritime Provinces to the Lake of the Woods in Ontario. In the forest it may reach a height of over 100 feet, but ordinarily does not average more than 75 to 80 feet in height and 2 to 3 feet in diameter. It occurs either in pure stands or is found associated with other hardwoods. It is very tolerant of shade, and this ability enables it to reproduce and survive in competition with other species.

Out of the 6,000,000 farms in the United States half are located on unimproved roads and another 2,000,000 have only dirt roads.

Eleven acres of glass are used in the walls and roofs of one wing of a new factory at Beeston, England.

Census Figures For Farms

Show Increase In Number Occupied In Prairie Provinces

That occupation of farm lands in Canada has increased in the Prairie Provinces during the 1921-21 decade sufficiently to show a net increase for the Dominion in spite of recessions for all eastern provinces, is one of the results emerging from a study of farm census figures as extracted from last year's census returns by federal statisticians.

The bulletin issued on the subject shows that the number of occupied farms in Canada increased during the decade by 17,154 in number or 2.4 per cent. This rate of increase, however, was materially less than that shown in the preceding decade when the numerical increase of 38,701 farms gave a percentage increase of 4.2 per cent.

Each of the western provinces during the 1921-21 decade showed an increase while Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island showed decreases. The percentages of change for each province during the period were: Prince Edward Island, 6 per cent. lower; Nova Scotia, 16.6 per cent. lower; New Brunswick, 14 per cent. lower; Quebec was lower by only 1.1 per cent., 36 of its counties showing increases ranging as high as 20.8 per cent.; Ontario was lower by 3.2 per cent. Of the western group Saskatchewan was up by 14.5 per cent.; Alberta gained 17.7 per cent., and British Columbia was up 18 per cent.

Detailed analysis of the Province of Ontario reveals that of its 35 counties, 14 show increases with a maximum increase of 80.87 per cent. in Cochrane County and a minimum of 1 per cent. in Perth County. The remaining 41 counties show decreases ranging from 35.2 per cent. in Temiskaming down to 2 per cent. in Peel, the net decrease for the province being 6.748 farms or 3.2 per cent.

It is explained in presenting the figures that a farm, for the census purpose, was every tract of land of one acre or more that in 1930 produced crops, or was used for pasture in 1931. Vacant or abandoned farms were only those which had been cropped and later left unoccupied. The number of these in Ontario was shown at 4,674 against the total for the Dominion of 52,767 farms. Nova Scotia had 3,075, New Brunswick, 1,623, Quebec, 2,746, Alberta, 6,564 and British Columbia, 2,162.

Hurried late arrival in railway car:

Er—"do you mind if I smoke, sir?"

Intractable Colonel in the other corner:

No, sir! Burst into flames if you like!

"Do you believe kissing is unhealthy?"

Nell: "I've never—"

Bill: "Never been kissed?"

Nell: "No, never been sick."

A lighthouse is called a pharos from the ancient lighthouse which stood on the Island of Pharos in the harbor at Alexandria, Egypt.

British Scientists To Head Expedition To Northern Canada To Study Aurora Of Arctic

Has Its Bright Side

Economic Situation In Canada Is Not So Gloomy

It is very easy to look upon the gloomy side of the economic picture even where Canada is concerned, and most of us are prone to spend much time in lamenting our slow progress and the high rate of taxation. It affords some satisfaction upon occasion to take a peek at the other side of the picture and absorb some facts such as the following:

1. In 1931, Canada, in the matter of export trade, moved into fifth position among the nations of the world, and is exceeded in the field of exports by only Great Britain, the United States, France and Germany.

2. Canadian gold production in 1931 was valued at \$25,457,000, setting up a new high record, and exceeding the 1930 production by a little over 27 per cent.

3. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimated that Canada's national wealth is now in the neighborhood of \$30,840,000,000, with British and foreign investments in the country representing only slightly more than 20 per cent. of this amount.

Learned Boring From Worms

Method Studied By Makers Of London's First Underground Railways

Ship worms, which cause much damage to piers and ship timbers, taught the makers of London's first underground railways how to bore and line their tunnels to resist water. The worms make a boring about half an inch in diameter, lining it with a limeless substance to keep out the water in the damp world in which it lives. When engineers made the first attempts at underground passages they had difficulty in keeping the water out of the London clay. By studying the ship worms they learned that they could keep the bore dry by lining it as they progressed. In boring its passage the worm bites away the wood which passes in small particles through its body.

Mount Revelstoke Park

On a Boulder-strewn slope at the top of Mount Revelstoke in Mount Revelstoke National Park, British Columbia, is found the Ice Box, a cleft in the rock forty feet long, four feet wide, and about ten feet deep. Filled with snow and ice, it is naturally protected from the sun by its rocky walls, and never lacks its frigid contents. Painted signs direct tourists to this natural phenomenon.

Wife (to husband driving his first car): "You really mustn't be so nervous, George. Remember, the other people on the road are just as frightened of you as you are of them."

A revival of vegetable home gardens this year is predicted.

Announcement is made that J. M. Stagg, meteorologist, will lead

British expedition of six men to Fort Rae, N.W.T., Canada, to take part in researches connected with the second international polar year to be conducted by field parties of 15 nations under the auspices of the International Meteorological Commission.

Mr. Stagg's expedition will be one of two which Great Britain will contribute to the personal of the commission's enterprise which falls on the jubilee of the first international polar year, 1882-83.

The party plans to leave England about May 18 and will travel via Montreal, Edmonton, the Athabasca and Slave rivers to Great Bear Lake on the north arm of which Fort Rae is situated. The other expedition will go to Tromsø, Norway.

Both British parties will be located on the perimeter of the maximum frequency of the Aurora Borealis (northern lights) which they will study by means of synchronized cameras, hoping to accumulate data which will be used to radio research workers. The expedition at Fort Rae will investigate a theory that the Aurora is caused by rays from the sun stopped by the so-called "Heavy-side Layer" which reflects radio waves and which is thought to extend over the earth at a height of about 60 miles.

The party will set up two camps with equipment about 20 miles apart and be linked by telephone. From these two points it will take simultaneous photographs of the Aurora. The expedition will carry 25 miles of telephone wire which will be stretched along the ground in a single strand, and which is thought to extend through the water of the lake in order to avoid carrying an extra length of wire.

The expedition will also study air currents and temperature of the atmosphere at different altitudes. It will send up small balloons carrying instruments for recording altitude and temperature and small wireless aerially developed by the expedition will automatically signal a continuous record to stations on the ground below.

Predicts Demand For Heavy Draft Horses

Farmers May Find Them Cheaper Than Tractors Or Combines

The present low price of oats and other feeds, in contrast with the higher costs of gas and oil required for tractor operation, combine, as the Dominion animal husbandman suggests, to indicate that the horse is gradually regaining favor as a medium of farm power. He predicts that the next few years will see a revival in horse breeding and the use of "heavy draft" horses on the farms in Canada, both east and west. As he points out, under present conditions horses can be bred and reared cheaply, and they have many advantages over the self-propelled heavy draft horses.

Zinc is a metal which has been used for many generations, but only within the past ten years has a systematic study of zinc and its properties been made.

A Nashville paper defines a citizen thus: "A citizen is a man who demands better roads, bigger schools, a new postoffice and lower taxes." Canada is familiar with the type.

Coloring papers by artificial sunlight was recently achieved when ripe but uncolored apples took on full coloring after 48 hours under ultraviolet light.



"Bat, my dear fellow, how much petrol are you putting in that car? It is a fine machine, but you have used."

"Yes, I have heard that my wife intends to slope in this car."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

CANADIAN MINING EXPERTS DISCUSS MINERAL POSITION OR BRITISH EMPIRE



The Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy held its Thirty-third Annual Meeting at Montreal, April 5, 6 and 7, when the important question of the British Empire was discussed by Dr. Charles Campbell (lower right), Deputy Minister of Mines in Canada. In addition five Canadian geologists read papers, which illustrated the problems and potentialities of the Canadian Mining Industry. His Excellency the Governor-General (centre), Patron of the Institute, was the Guest of Honor at the Banquet on April 7. Top left is Mr. F. W. Gray, Deputy N.S., retiring President of the Institute, who presided over the proceedings. Top right, Mr. J. A. Allen, Edmonton, Alberta, Professor of Geology at the University of Alberta, who is the President-elect. Lower left is Hon. W. A. Gordon, Canadian Minister of Labour and Mines, who was among the distinguished guests present.



CHILD need REGULATING?

CASTORIA WILL DO IT!

When your child needs regulating, remember this: the organs of babies and children are delicate. Little bowels must be gently urged forward. That's why Castoria is used by so many doctors and mothers. It is especially made for children's ailments; contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. You can safely give it to young infants for colic pains. Yet it is a truly effective regulator for older children. The next time your child has a little fever, or a digestive upset, give him the help of Castoria, the children's own remedy. Genuine Castoria always has the name:

CASTORIA
CHILDREN'S OWN REMEDY

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Commercial telephone service has been established between France and Buenos Aires.

The Prince of Wales attended a dinner given by the Elgin Society to Andrew W. Mellon, new United States ambassador to Great Britain. Italy has signed a treaty with Russia which binds the latter to pay \$12,000,000 of Italian products during the year.

A new "lingering" anesthetic which continues to kill pain after an operation, but has no habit-forming power was reported to the American Chemical Society.

The will of John Philip Sousa, famous bandmaster, was filed, leaving his entire estate to his wife and three children. The estate was valued in the will at "more than \$20,000."

Mahatma Gandhi's adopted daughter, Bai Laxmi, 18, an "untouchable," was sentenced to two months imprisonment at hard labor for activities in the civil disobedience campaign.

Howard Nicholson, professional attached to the Granite Club of Toronto, won the open professional figure skating championship of Great Britain at Oxford.

Taking of a plebiscite on abolition of beer parlors will be recommended by the Alberta government next year, providing general conditions improve, Premier Brownlee says.

Great Britain's unemployed on March 21 totalled 2,567,332, which was 113,841 less than the month before and 12,786 less than at the same time last year. The improvement was noticeable in nearly all industries.

Preserve Virgin Timberland

Frank J. Barnjum Acquires Large Tract On Vancouver Island

Another large tract of virgin timberland on Vancouver Island will be preserved for posterity through the generosity of Frank J. Barnjum, Montreal philanthropist and tree conservationist. Two thousand acres of timberland on the Cowichan River has been acquired by Mr. Barnjum from its owners. The property is a beautiful park area, replete with rivers, streams and lakes, with wild life in the woods and fish in the streams. The purchase makes Mr. Barnjum the largest holder of big timber on that river.

Ponous Employer—"We have 3,000 workers here."

New Office Boy—"Including me or before I came?"

Robert Bruce, Scottish king, was a leper.

PURELY VEGETABLE

Take them every so often. They'll keep you **HEALTHY**

Sold everywhere in 25c and 75c red pills.

CARTER'S PINK PILLS

W. N. U. 1937

Canada's Merchant Marine

Recorded Better Financial Operating Results For 1931 Than Previous Year

Canada's merchant marine recorded better financial operating results for 1931. The deficit of \$834,210.08 in 1930 was cut down to \$444,293.53 in the past year. The financial improvement of \$389,926.55 is shown in the 1931 report of the Canadian government merchant marine tabled in the House of Commons by Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals.

Both operating expenses and revenues decreased. "The reduction in operating expenses reflects the smaller number of voyages as well as the effort to reduce expenses to a minimum consistent with safety," the report states. There were no major accidents in connection with the operation of the fleet during the past year.

Out For Speed Record

Frenchman Hopes To Try Racing Car At Daytona Beach

M. Stepp, French inventor of a racing motor car which he claims will travel from 325 to 385 miles per hour, said he hoped to take his machine to Daytona Beach, Fla., to attempt to beat the 235.97 miles per hour record recently set by Sir Malcolm Campbell, British driver. The inventor and his car's initial try-out at Chino was successful.

Powered by three new engines of 500-horsepower each, and placed to form a motor turbine, the racer in bench tests developed 22,000 revolutions per minute for 57 hours. The car has a motor turbine, the racer in bench tests developed 22,000 revolutions per minute for 57 hours.

and set the three large motors going.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Jackman

Sowing Wheat From Air

Feasibility Of Using "Planes Demonstrated By Soviets

Acroplanes soaring less than 100 feet above the ground at a speed of 60 to 70 miles an hour recently demonstrated the feasibility of sowing wheat from the air on a Soviet state farm in central Asia.

The plane sown an area of about eight acres on each flight, covering a total of 300 acres a day. In just a fortnight, four planes sowed 8,000 acres. Each plane is equipped with a sowing "spray" 65 feet wide.

Permits Passage Of Light

Transparent Aluminum, a German Invention, Still Has Yellowish Tinge

Transparent aluminum has been produced by a German chemist by substitution of substances in preparing an alloy which retains all the properties of the original metal, yet permits the passage of light. So far, the emerging light has a yellowish tinge, but the chemist is working to eliminate this color and make a glass-clear product.

A kettle drum is the only instrument of its kind that can be tuned to the key of the selection being played.

Brazil may promulgate a new election law.

PARIS IS HAVING HER SAY ABOUT THE JACKET DRESS THIS SEASON

Whether you want a sheer woollen dress or a crepe silk dress for spring wear—here is a charming model. It is jacketed in a most approved and versatile way. And it's exceptionally slimming with its bias lines. The sleeveless dress offers such marvelous schemes for contrast.

Since it is as modish, imagine the effectiveness of this model in a blue crepe silk delicately patterned in yellow. For the upper bodies, plain yellow crepe is used.

Could anything be more charming and practical?

Style No. 351 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 20-inch with 1/4 and 39-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 215 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Success After Five Years

Young Professor At Pittsburgh Has Isolated "Vitamin C"

A young professor of chemistry at the University of Pittsburgh announced casually:

"We have isolated and identified vitamin C." For five years, Dr. C. C. King, not quite 25, and his associates, have labored for a solution long sought by research scientists.

He explained he had concentrated the vitamin from lemon juice. Vitamin "C" is plentiful in lemons, oranges, tomatoes, potatoes, and certain other vegetables and fruits.

Its effect upon the human body also have been known for quite some time. Dr. King said, but how it accomplishes its tasks has remained a mystery. Also it was known that lack of vitamin "C" in the diet of humans resulted in scurvy and forms of malnutrition.

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Drought and Grasshoppers

Scientific Research Has Proved They Are Co-Workers

Two of the farmers' most vicious enemies—drought and grasshoppers—co-workers, it is revealed on the basis of scientific research.

If a farming region suffers from drought in one season, according to the investigations, the farmers of that area may expect a plague of grasshoppers the next year. The reason, it was explained, is that aridity is favorable for reproduction of the insects.

A report of the investigation was made by R. O. Cromwell, formerly of the United States Department of Agriculture.

"Unusually dry weather, especially for successful seasons," Cromwell said, "is favorable for reproduction of grasshoppers, and unfavorable for insects which destroy the grasshoppers and their eggs."

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Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 215 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Upset Stomach

"I used BABY'S OWN TABLETS for my children when they had vomiting spells, and found that they really did," writes Mrs. J. M. Guthrie, Smith's Falls, Ont. Valuable for colds, fever, colic. Easy to take—and harmless. See certificate in each 25c package. 25c

Baby's Own Tablets

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Baraby)

JELLIED RHUBARB PIE

1 package quick-setting gelatin (dessert lemon flavor).

1 cup boiling water.

1 cup orange juice.

2 lbs. young strawberry rhubarb

15 cups granulated sugar.

Cut rhubarb in one-inch pieces. Steam in double boiler until tender, but unbroken. Add sugar when nearly done. Dissolve quick-setting gelatin in one of the condenser intakes and add to the rhubarb and add water, if necessary, to make 1 1/2 cups. Add orange juice. Chill until it begins to thicken and then fold in carefully, the pieces of rhubarb. Pour into small baked pastry shells and chill until firm. Garnish tops with cream cheese.

OATMEAL MACAROONS

2 1/2 cups of rolled oats (oatmeal).

1 cup of sugar.

1 teaspoon of vanilla.

1 tablespoon of melted butter.

2 teaspoons (rounded) baking powder.

1 level teaspoon of salt.

Cream sugar and melted butter; add beaten eggs, then work in gradually oatmeal, to which has been added salt and baking powder. Then add vanilla and nutmeg and beaten whites of eggs and raisins. Drop in small quantities on floured baking pan and bake in rather slow oven.

Reduce Freight Costs

Plan Construction Of Road In Great Bear Lake District

Construction of a road around the seven miles of rapids in the Bear River is under consideration by the Dominion public works department as a step to reduce freight costs and simplify transportation into the miner district of Great Bear Lake.

C. C. Ross, of the Dominion Mining and Metallurgy Department, revealed this move in an address at Calgary. Transportation, he said, was the great problem facing development of the radium-bearing pitchblende discoveries around Great Bear Lake.

Fish meal was formerly used chiefly in fertilizer stock, then it became valuable as animal feed, and now it is considered for human food under the name "fish flour."

For measuring the fatigue of workers a machine has been perfected that records their involuntary movements on a gauge as they stand on a small platform.

Uses For Sitka Spruce

Due To Lightness Is Much Favored In Construction Of Aeroplanes

According to the forest services of the Department of the Interior, the wood of the Sitka spruce, a native tree of Canada, is soft, easy to work, and holds nails exceptionally well and can be finished smoothly until it takes on a satiny luster. It takes nails, and bolts and nails exceptionally well and it is in such demand for veneer, plywood stock, woodmower, novelties and toys, since it possesses superior gluing qualities. Due to its combined strength and lightness Sitka spruce is much favored in the construction of aeroplanes, parts of small boats, spare, paddles, ladders, trunks, playground apparatus, etc., and its whiteness and uniform texture, together with the fact that it withstands warping, makes it a suitable wood for table tops, drain boards, and other uses where it is washed.

Declares Feat Not Difficult

Pilot Tells Of Taking "Plane Into Crater Of Volcano"

Phil Frost Dorland, who recently set an airplane down on the snow inside an Icelandic volcano on the Alaska Peninsula, the first such airplane landing in an active crater ever made, said the feat wasn't difficult.

With two passengers, George B. Ery, of Seattle, and George Johnson, of Anchorage, Dorland circled the volcano several times after going in over the highest point of the rim, about 6,000 feet.

He set his ski-equipped plane down on the more in the crater and ran more than 500 feet. As the skis began to sink under the load of gasoline and three occupants he added he opened the throttle and climbed out of the crater.

The temperature was 40 degrees above zero. In colder weather with a light load, a stop to permit an inspection would have been possible, he said.

Pacific's Most Decorated Sailor

Capt. Robinson Of C.P.R. "Empress Of Japan," Retires From Service

The Pacific's most decorated sailor had gone to the sea at Vancouver on April 22, 1902. It's Captain Robinson, R.N.R., D.C.B.E., master of the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Japan," whose command ended with the ship's arrival from China and Japan.

Superannuated at the age of 62 he comes ashore to live in Vancouver after 37 of them in the service of the Canadian Pacific.

Command of the "Japan," queen of the Pacific fleet, passed to Captain L. D. Douglas, R.N.R., formerly master of the "Empress of Asia."

Virtually an institution in Vancouver and Oriental ports, Captain Robinson's career is almost legendary in some respects.

He first went to sea from Hull, England, as a boy of 14 in the full-rigged sailing ship "Imbros." His first command was the "Athens" of the Canadian Pacific Service. In 1891 he began his career with the company, peculiarly enough, with the old ship "Imbros" of Japan," the queen of the Canadian Pacific Service. In 1902 he was promoted to the same name ultimately succeeded. He was then a fifth officer.

Typical of Captain Robinson's character was an exploit on the "Athens," years ago. Kelp had lodged in one of the condenser intakes and delayed the ship at Victoria. The diver did not seem to be making progress in one of the condenser intakes and delayed the ship at Victoria. The diver did not seem to be making progress in one of the condenser intakes and delayed the ship at Victoria. The diver did not seem to be making progress in one of the condenser intakes and delayed the ship at Victoria.

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WHEN GASTRIC JUICES FAIL TO FLOW

You know how badly an engine runs when it is choked up. It's the same with your body when your gastric juices fail to flow. Your food, instead of being assimilated by your system, simply collects and stagnates, making you produce harmful acid poisons. What you need then is a tonic—Nature's own tonic—Nature's six mineral salts, known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They stimulate and tone up the body's functions from a number of different angles. The first effect of these salts is to promote the flow of the saliva and weaken the appetite. The next reaction occurs in the stomach, where the digestive juices are encouraged to pour out and act upon the food. Again in the intestinal tract certain of these salts promote a further flow of these vital juices which self-purify, digest food and prepare it finally for absorption into the system. So, you see there is no mystery about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Prove it for yourself.

Trans-American Airlines

Developing Air Route Across the North Atlantic

Trans-American Airlines announced it had entered into an agreement with Trans-Atlantic Airlines to combine the necessary survey and research work for development of an air route across the North Atlantic.

Details of the transactions were not made public and it was not definitely known whether survey flights would be made next summer over the proposed course, which is by way of Canada, Greenland, Iceland and the Faroes and Shetland Islands.

It was announced, however, that the thorough study of the project being undertaken will be a preliminary step to the actual launching of exploratory flights through the north.

Trans-American Airlines has been assisting the project for some time in its study of the problem by the noted polar explorer, Vilhjalmur Stefansson, who proposed a northern commercial air route 15 years ago.

As an indication of the progress made in the preliminary work, it was pointed out that the parliament of Iceland within the last month has passed an act granting Trans-American and their associated interests a 70-year franchise for the transportation of mail over Iceland on an air route between North America and Europe.

The specific routing of the northern line has not been determined pending the further extension of surveys.

Australia Is Very Old

Geological Formations Estimated To Be 20,000,000 Years Old

A discovery made by gold prospectors recently afforded further proof of Australia's great age. After boring through 200 feet of basalt they struck an old river-bed, and brought up what was pointed out as a rock which, according to the experts, had not been exposed to sunlight for over a million years. And there are geological formations in the inland continent which are estimated to be at least 20,000,000 years old. Australia, too, has preserved its prehistoric remains in the past. Some of its animals and plants are definitely prehistoric species, such as have survived nowhere else. The duck-billed platypus, for instance, is the oldest existing type of mammal.

Makes Canoe Safer

New Type Of Non-Expanding and Unshrinkable Craft Is Constructed

A new type of non-expanding and unshrinkable canoe, weighing between 80 and 90 pounds and for which a patent has been secured, has just been built by M. Pepin, of Quebec City. He claims that even with a full load of the canoe sinking nor can it turn over. With an outboard motor, Pepin says, the craft will be capable of making 35 miles an hour.

An inscription found at Delphi shows that in the first century B.C. Rome planned an international police system for the sea, to fight pirates and brigands.

Cork, Irish Free State, is building many houses for war veterans.

Spasmodic Croup Quickly Checked

Often with one application, just rub Vicks over the throat and chest.

VICKS VAPORUB

OVER 14 MILLION CANS USED YEARLY

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of Business and District \$2.50 to the United States Subscription price \$2.00 per year to any part of Canada or Great Britain.

E. S. Saxton Proprietor A. Hankin

Thursday, May 24th, 1932

Miss M. Peers, and two of her nephews, left for Calgary, by truck today.

The basketball club are holding a Monte Carlo night and dance, in the theatre next Wednesday evening.

The monthly meeting of St. Mary's W.A., will be held at the home of Mrs. W. Stothers, Saturday, May 14th, at 8 p.m.

Dr. Dowler, left on Sunday on a visit to the home of his parents at Veteran, Alta. He expects to be gone about a week.

John Sanderecock, who is teaching school near Coronation, Alta., was a visitor in town over the week end.

Fred, Sanderecock, made a trip this week into the Hanna district.

Sibb, Setran, R. Murray, G. Durk, Helen Pawlak, Henrietta and Kathleen Turner, made a trip by car to Medicine Hat over the week end.

E. Melville, of Drumheller, who is back taking at the Imperial Building Supplies, Ltd. yard here, commented very favorably on the appearance of our town.

A party of Blindness golf enthusiasts were here on Sunday. They had the better of the argument in their play with local enthusiasts.

Mrs. A. Howard, of Haward, en, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Ellis, of Alasek, spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Geo. Durk. Mrs. Howard had been to Alasek to the funeral of her mother-in-law, Mrs. Howard, sr.

Mrs. Clark, mother of Mrs. Acton, and her grand-daughters, Joy and Kay, who have been residing here for the past several months, left on Sunday for Edmonton. Mr. and Mrs. W. Acton and Miss Holly Clark, went with them by car to Frovost, Alta.

After dull and stormy days, Sunday's weather was a welcome change, being warm, bright and sunshiny. The general weather had its influence on the people, and there were apparently more automobiles operating than has been the case for some time. The golf course was sprinkled with enthusiasts, who made the rounds from hole to hole, sought in the lure of following the little ball. Others were busy at other pastimes unable to resist the gentility of the day.

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and Surgeon
Phone 44

Office - - - Centre Street

DENTIST

Dr. DOWLER

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Arriving on Wednesday night
Offices: Royal Bank Building
(Opposite Hotel)

AT LEADER:
Sundays, Mondays and Tuesdays
Fridays on Wednesdays

DOMINION CAFE

FIRST-CLASS MEALS
Good Rooms

Always a Full Stock Carried
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAYES

Dance and after theatre lunches
A Place of City Style.



Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

Head-Office

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., - ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

Preventing Blindness

The loss of sight is a tragedy. We do admire the courage of the blind and marvel at the cheerful way in which most of them accept their handicap. Yet, it is for each one of them a loss beyond measure. It is hard enough to be blind, but it seems infinitely worse if the loss of sight might have been prevented. When we realize that as a result of ignorance or carelessness many children are doomed to pass their lives in darkness, we would do well to take the necessary precautions so that such cases may not be repeated.

At the time of birth, the child's eyes may be exposed to infection. Certain germs may gain entrance and set up a destructive inflammation that may lead to blindness. Because such a danger does exist, it is the practice to treat the eyes of the new-born with a solution which will destroy these germs before they have a chance to do any harm. In many places such treatment is required by law. This simple and painless but efficient procedure would, if carried out regularly and without fail, in all cases, eliminate quite a large percentage of blindness in infants.

The next important preventive measure is the securing of treatment without delay for the baby, whose eyes become swollen or red if there is any discharge. When we say with-
delay, we mean actually with-

Cutworms Are Hatching-out.

activity in the field is of great value in controlling the pale western cutworm and in reducing the amount of damage that may be expected. However, the recent storms will have little or no effect on the outbreak. Since very few of the eggs have hatched prior to April 20, the cold will only serve to delay hatching while the excessive moisture will increase the per cent of eggs which will hatch as soon as the soil warms up again.

The only value of these recent storms from the point of view of the cutworm outbreak is that the hatch will be more uniform than was the case last season. The cutworms will develop more evenly and the period of activity in the field will not be so prolonged. In 1931 many fields showed a severe and active infestation of pale western cutworm well into July which made it impossible to even produce a crop of green feed. It is quite probable that the more even hatching this season will see the activity uniformly advanced and resulting in severely infected fields can be safely conducted by June 15. This will depend on subsequent weather conditions as well as the development in individual fields.

Information - Persons in Saskatchewan desiring more detailed information regarding the pale western cutworm are requested to write to the Dominion Entomological Laboratories at Lethbridge, Alberta; Saskatoon or Indian Head, Saskatchewan, or to the Provincial Departments of Agriculture at Edmonton or Regina.

The west train now leaves Empress for Bassano at 6 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays, and arrives Mondays and Thursdays at 4.45, being a bi-weekly instead of tri-weekly service.

out an hour's delay, because prompt treatment may offer the only hope of saving the baby's sight.

Injury to the eye is always serious and unfortunately it may cause the loss of eyesight. The proper selection of play-

things will first of all help the child in his play and will also lessen, if not entirely avoid, the chance of injury to himself. Toys which are thrown into the air, such as a bow and arrow, should not be given to the child who is too young to understand its proper use. The rifle with small shot is particularly dangerous. Blind-pointed scissors should be provided for the child to use in cutting out.

The possible danger of fire works is generally recognized and it is well to remember that carelessness as regards fire, crackers and other explosives may mean a serious injury.

It is because sight is such a precious possession and the loss of sight such a serious handicap that it is necessary for parents to keep in mind those things which are dangerous to the eyes of their children. Reasonable care will bring about a decrease in the number of children who would otherwise belong to the world of the blind.

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A few dollars spent in Paint will add hundreds of dollars in appearance

Master Made Paint at 4.75 per gal.
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Shingle Stain at - 2.50 "

BRUSHES from 20c up
We are agents for CROSSLAND & BRALES WALL PAPER. Special orders only.

R. A. POOL

AGENT, BRITISH-AMERICAN OIL CO.

HOSPITAL TEA

Held under the auspices of the IODE
will be held on

Saturday Afternoon and Evening, May 14th

Starting at 3 p.m.

at the
Municipal Building

Funds in Aid of the Local Hospital

Your Telephone:

If you are without telephone service, now is the time to instal it. Rates will never be cheaper but-

FROM MAY 1st TILL JULY 31st
Rural and Local Telephones will be installed

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SEE THE LOCAL TELEPHONE
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We have a large stock of I. H. C. Drill and Cultivator and Plow and Disc and Wagon and Binder and Header Repairs, which we will sell on time to Responsible Party's, or we will give 25 per. off for Cash. We also have on hand:

1 No. 2 Bull Dog Pumping Mill 2 I. H. C. Harrow Cuts.
1 24 foot Wood Boss Harrow. 1 35 ft. Wood Boss Harrow.
2 Heavy Wagons 1 Wood-wheel Farm Truck.
3 125 Bushel Grain Tanks 1 125 Bushel I. H. C. Grain
8 USED TRACTORS at a Real Steep. Truck.

And a number of Second hand Drills of different makes.

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ranging from the wee gaffers up to the braw men and women, ages 4 years to 20 years. New con-
signment, new patterns, black and fancy, fancy and striped from 85c. a piece up.

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For Girls and Boys and Men, white and black, brown and tan, in sizes 11 to 11. You will find our prices as low as any, according to grades and styles.

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SEMI DRESS, very strong, Elk uppers and chrome leather soles, durable and hard wearing. We can sell you these at a Low Competitive Price. You have to see these goods to appreciate the values.

Heavy Work Shirts, Overalls, etc.

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Our Maple Syrup Has Arrived!

Now is the time to purchase your requirements. We can give you any quantity you desire to handle.

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AUSTRALIAN PINEAPPLE, Grated and sliced. The finest quality procurable. No. 2 tins .30

Choice Quality, Red - Pitted Cherries, 2 tins .45

BURNS' PORK SAUSAGES. Try a tin when you wish to prepare a quick meal. TWO TINS for .45

W. R. BRODIE

DON. MacRAE

Puffed Raisins, bulk, lb. - 20c
Evaporated Apricots, bulk, lb. - 20c
Lynn Valley Peaches, per tin - 20c
Discho Pineapple, per tin - 15c
Van Kel Cleanser, 5lb. package 50c

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